CHECKLIST: ZODIAC CH 601 series and 650

September 2009

INTRODUCTION

Use this inspection check list before flying your aircraft for the first time, when performing a major inspection (annual) or when reassembling the aircraft, after performing major alterations or repairs or in the event that you purchased the aircraft or just want to confirm that the aircraft meets the design drawings, after a hard landing, after exceeding the airframe design limitations, etc.

This checklist is a useful guide to help you thoroughly inspect your aircraft. However, it may not accurately reflect your aircraft as it was originally built or equipped, especially as it relates to installed engine, engine accessories, options, installed avionics and other systems.

USE THE ZODIAC CH 601 or 650 COMPLETE SET OF BLUEPRINTS AS YOU ASSEMBLE AND INSPECT YOUR AIRCRAFT.

USE THE ENGINE MANUALS AS YOU ASSEMBLE AND INSPECT YOUR AIRCRAFT.

USE THE PROPELLER MANUALS AS YOU ASSEMBLE AND INSPECT YOUR AIRCRAFT.

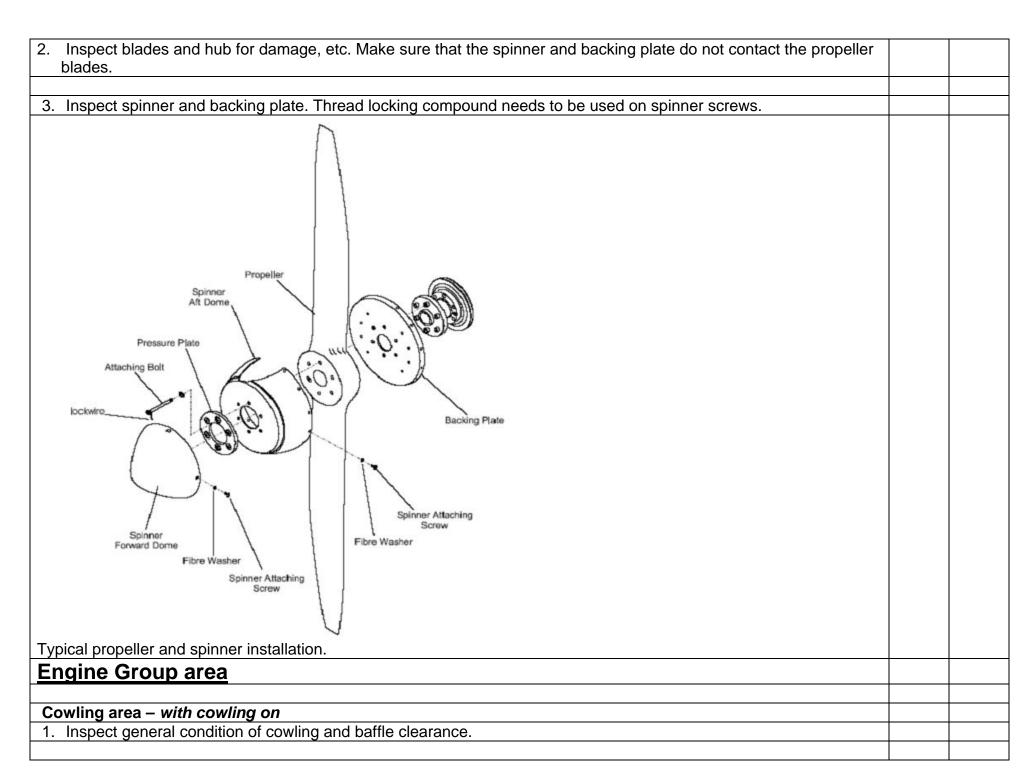
Other supporting documents:

- Zodiac kit assembly instructions (Zenith Aircraft Co.)
- Zodiac ground test procedure (AMD)
- Production flight test procedure (AMD)
- Service Manual (AMD)
- Flight Manual (AMD)
- Parts catalogue (Zenith Aircraft Co.)
- AC43-13-1b and AC43-13-2a (FAA)
- Design and Construction Manual (Zenith Aircraft Co.)
- Contact your local EAA Chapter for support and for a Technical Advisor
- Contact your local A&P Mechanic

As you inspect your aircraft and find discrepancies, write them down in the space provided under the inspection so that you can go back and make appropriate changes.

For amateur built aircraft, some of this information may not be applicable based on your installed equipment, options, and/or configuration.

Description	
Propeller Group area – Remove spinner	
For a wood propeller, see Service Manual Section XII	
1. Inspect propeller bolts and safety wire. Confirm that the propeller bolts are torqued to proper specifications. Make sure that the propeller bolt threads are not bottoming out on the engine hub (too long) or that the bolts are not too short.	
BOLTHEADS	
See AC43-13-1B section 7 Safetying for more info on safety wire. Use minimum 0.041" stainless steel safety wire on	
the prop bolts.	



Inspect muffler down tube clearance at bottom of cowling.		
2. Increase many large legacines at hottom of couling		
Inspect nose gear leg clearance at bottom of cowling.		
4. Inspect cowling at fuselage all around the firewall. The cowling should fit tightly to the fuselage.		
The production of the control of the		
5. Inspect cowling fasteners and make sure they are easy to install.		
6. Inspect oil door, Dzus fasteners and nylon retaining washers – door must be tight to cowling.		
7. Inspect baffle clearance – look through oil door opening.		
7. mopost barno dicararico i lock tirroagii on acci operinig.		
8. Inspect baffle tape and staples. Must be tight to top cowling. Look through front of cowl with flashlight.		
9. With propeller installed, check propeller spinner clearance. Must have minimum clearance of ½" between front of cowling and propeller.		
10. Make sure that oil dip stick is not contacting the oil door on cowling.		
11. Physically move cowling at front, it must be tight.		
11. Physically move cowling at north, it must be tight.		
12. Inspect oil level.		
'		
Run Engine then remove cowling at this time		
13. When removing cowling, make sure that screws are easy to remove. Cowling must be re-installed and inspected if any changes need to be made to the cowling.		
14. Inspect cowling anchor nuts.		
15. Inspect cowling for indications of anything rubbing on the cowling such as baffling, air intake box, hoses, ect.		
15. Hispect cowning for indications of anything rubbing on the cowning such as banning, all intake box, hoses, ect.		
Inspect oil system area		
16. Confirm that proper oil type was used (see engine manuals for specific information).		
17. Inspect oil filter area for leaks.		
18. Oil filter cooling sleeve must be tight and hose clamps must be tight.		

19. Inspect breather line.	
20. Check safety wire on oil cooler, filter, oil drain, sump, etc.	
Fuel System	
21. Inspect fuel lines for fuel leaks.	
22. Inspect fuel line ends and fire sleeve ends.	
On the part five time a few and a charge of the content and the content with any above a date.	
23. Inspect fuel lines for any sharp edges. They must not make contact with any sharp edges.	
24 Inapact (aptional) electric fuel numb helts to firewall and primar line	
24. Inspect (optional) electric fuel pump bolts to firewall and primer line.	
25. Inspect engine mechanical fuel pump, bolts, and safety.	
25. Inspect engine mechanical ruer pump, boits, and safety.	
26. Inspect the push/pull throttle cable in the cabin. It must feel smooth "IN" to OUT".	
20. Inspect the pash/pail throttle cable in the cabin. It mast reel smooth in to 001.	
27. Throttle cable must be 1/8" out from instrument panel in "IN" position. Cable stop needs to be at the carburetor and	
not the instrument panel.	
not the modernon parion	
28. Inspect cable jam nut at fork for the throttle cable at the carburetor.	
29. Throttle cable at carburetor. Inspect fork that it moves freely on carburetor. Inspect arm and clearance through the	
full range of travel.	
Throttle Arm — Push - Pull	
Control	
1 1	
Bushings	
30. Throttle cable "IN" and "OUT" position must stop at carburetor stops.	
30. Throthe cable in and OOT position must stop at carburetor stops.	
	1

31. Mixture cable must be 1/8" out from instrument panel in "IN" position. Cable stop needs to be at the carburetor and not the instrument panel.	
32. Mixture cable at instrument panel must feel smooth "IN" to OUT".	
33. Mixture cable at engine mount must be tied with Adel clamps to engine mount so that it cannot move.	
34. Mixture cable at carburetor must be bolted and cable end must be bent.	
35. Mixture cable "IN" and "OUT" position must stop at carburetor stops.	
36. Disconnect the fuel line at the carburetor. Check the fuel flow by running the electric fuel pump and pumping fuel from the tanks into an appropriate container. Fuel flow should be at least 2 times the required fuel flow at maximum throttle setting.	
Inspect carburetor air intake box area	
37. Inspect carburetor bolts to carburetor air intake box / safety wire or safety washers.	
38. Inspect carburetor bolts / safety washers to engine.	
39. Inspect carburetor air intake box filter at front. Check bolts and proper fitting of filter.	
40. Inspect carburetor air intake box control cable bolts and safety washers.	
41. Inspect carburetor air intake box - muffler heat flap movement by moving cable.	
42. Carburetor heat pull-push cable must feel smooth from the "IN" to "OUT" position.	
43. Carburetor heat cable must be 1/8" out from instrument panel in "IN" position.	
44. Carburetor heat cable must be bolted, bolt must rotate freely, and cable end must be bent.	
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45. Carburetor heat cable arm at air box must not contact the carburetor.	
Muffler area	
46. Inspect muffler nuts bolting muffler to engine.	
47. Inspect muffler nuts. Nuts must be self locking heat type.	

	
48. Inspect muffler clearance at bottom of firewall area and bottom of engine mounts. Must have all least ¼" clearance.	
49. Inspect muffler shroud hose clamps positioned on shroud.	
50. Inspect SCAT hose from muffler shroud to carburetor air box clamps. SCAT hose must not have sharp bends as to make sure that airflow is not limited.	
51. Inspect SCAT hose from muffler shroud to cabin air box – must be tightly secured.	
Engine mount area	
52. Inspect SL large nuts at engine mount.	
53. Inspect nuts and cotter pins at engine / engine mount.	
Washer Rubber Mat. Spacer Rubber Mat. Washer Nut & Cotter Pin	
54. Inspect paint on engine mount – any paint chips or cracks?	
55. Inspect cables close to engine mount for any rubbing or loose cables.	
56. Inspect the rubber engine vibration isolating mounts for proper installation.	
57. Inspect grounding strap. Make sure that there is no paint under strap connection and there is good conductivity to ground.	
Engine gauge sender units	
58. Inspect fuel pressure sender unit.	

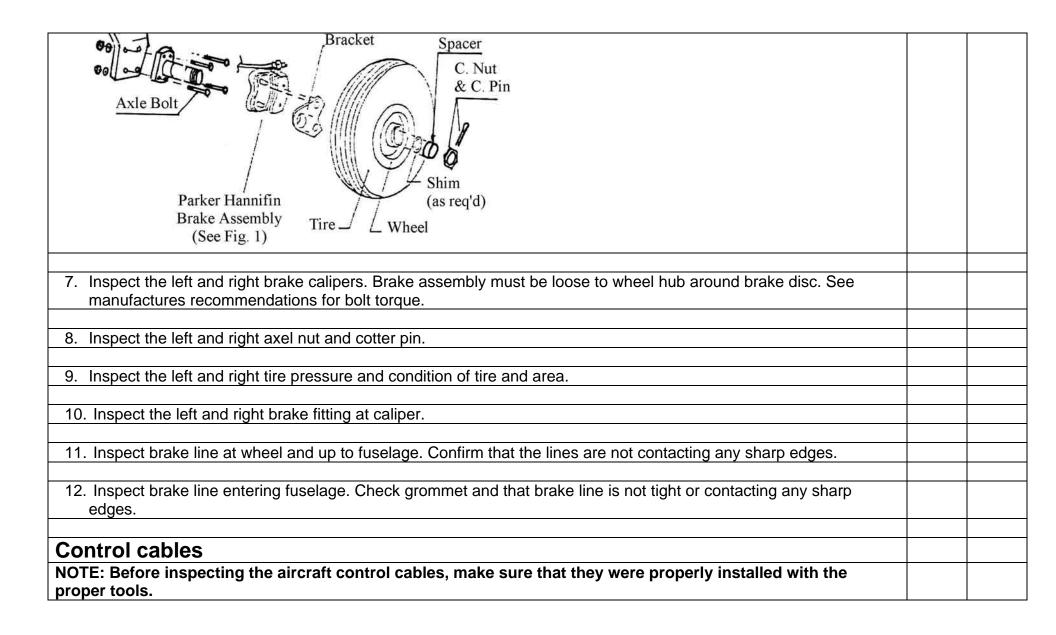
59. Inspect oil pressure sender unit on engine. Must be tight and safety with thread locking compound.	
60. Inspect oil temperature sender unit. Must be tight and safety with thread locking compound.	
61. Check tachometer cable or wires.	
Engine baffle area	
Note that baffle tape must touch top of cowling as to force air into engine cylinders. Aluminum Baffles must not contact cowling as to minimize baffle wear and cracking. Fiberglass cowling must not contact engine.	
62. Check general condition of engine baffles.	
63. Check the baffle tape and staples. Also make sure that baffle strips are riveted to front of bottom cowling area. They must be tight on front engine cylinders when cowling is installed.	
64. Inspect baffles, left and right, to cowling clearance at front. Look for wear marks on baffles from cowling.	
65. Inspect baffle black sealer all around baffles at rear.	
66. Inspect baffle spring holding bottom cylinder baffles.	
67. Inspect baffle screws to engine. Make sure they are tight and have safety washers.	
68. Inspect air scoop at front baffle.	
69. When installing top and bottom cowlings, they must be easy to install and bolts must be easy to install. Everything must fit nicely.	
70. Inspect baffle clearance at front of cowling, left and right.	
Cabin heat air intake area	
71. Inspect SCAT hose and clamps at baffle to muffler shroud, it must be tight.	
72. Inspect SCAT hose and clamps from muffler shroud to air box at firewall.	
73. Open and close air box at firewall from inside cabin. Make sure that in the closed position the box flap closes completely.	

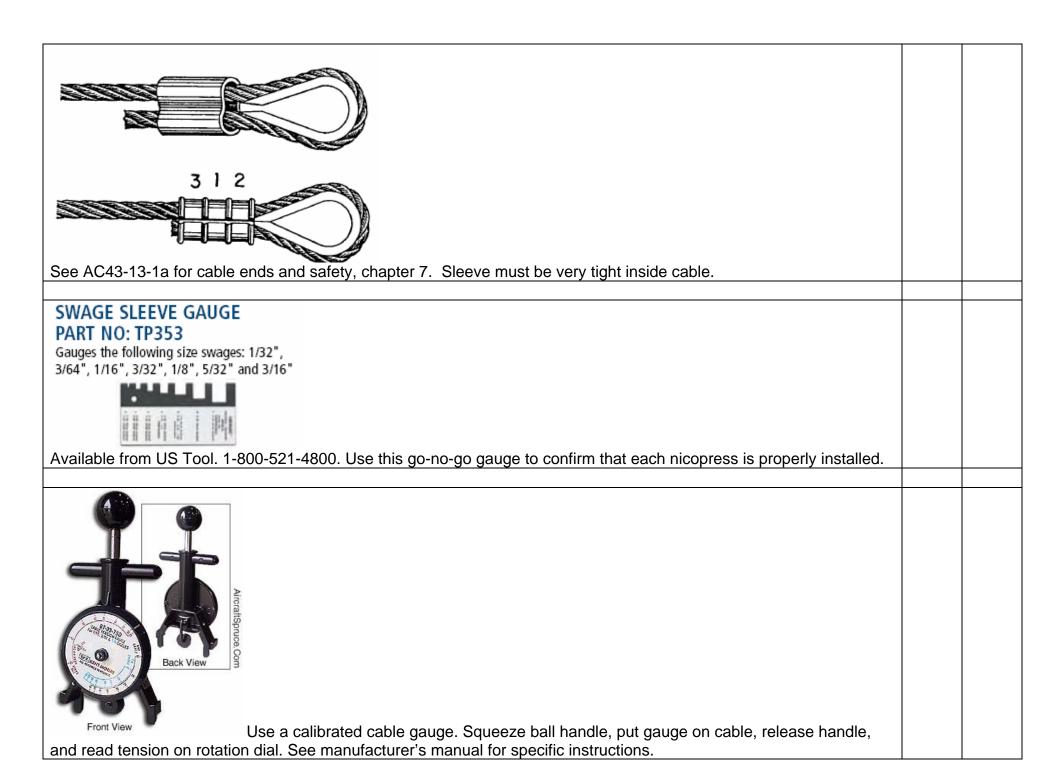
74. Check air box bolt movement and clearance, cable connection, and that the cable end is bent.	
75. Check that cabin heat cable at instrument panel is out 1/8" when closed.	
Fuel primer area – (Fuel Primer is optional)	
76. Check fuel primer line coming out at fuel manifold.	
77. Check that there is a big loop in the fuel primer line near engine in order to absorb vibrations.	
78. Check that fuel primer line is well connected at engine and not rubbing on anything hard or sharp.	
79. Check that fuel primer line has clearance at baffles.	
Electrical area	
80. Inspect voltage regulator connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
81. Inspect alternator connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
92. Inappet naise suppressor at alternator connections and tightness of wires, tips, and not contacting any obern	
82. Inspect noise suppressor at alternator connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp	
edges.	
83. Inspect starter connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
oo. Inspect starter connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp eages.	
84. Inspect starter mounting bolts and safety to engine.	
on mopost starter mounting botto and safety to origine.	
85. Inspect starter wires at firewall connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
eer mepeer etailer vines at me van eermeetiche and agranees er vines, ties, and het eermaating any enarp eages.	
86. Inspect starter solenoid on firewall.	
87. Inspect starter solenoid unit connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
88. Inspect ignition system insulated wire and that insulator is grounded. Inspect connections and tightness of wires,	
ties, and not contacting any sharp edges. Do this for both left and right sides.	
89. Inspect ignition system wire connections from key switch. Nuts at ignition system must be tight.	
90. Inspect fuel pump connections and tightness of wires, ties, and not contacting any sharp edges.	
91. Inspect top and bottom spark plug leads and ties. They must not rub on engine mount, baffles, or top of engine.	

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92. Make sure that no wires can / are touching any sharp edges.	<u> </u>	
Nace wheel ever	 	-
Nose wheel area	<u> </u>	-
93. Inspect bungee condition.	+	1
94. Inspect bungee pin and safety.	+	1
	†	
95. Inspect bungee clearance with rivets in center firewall stiffener on sides.		
Nose gear bungee must not touch sides of center firewall stiffener (U channel)		
Bungee must be properly installed and must not touch or rub against stiffener sides or rivets. If bungee is damaged, replace.		
96. Inspect clearance at center firewall stiffener and steering rods at full deflection left and right.		
97. Inspect clearance on firewall slots for steering rods at full deflection left and right.		
98. Inspect nose gear self centering at full deflection left and right. Nose wheel must snap back to center by itself.		
99. Inspect top and bottom nose gear bearings and safety wire bolts on bottom.		

Nose Gear Leg Bushing Lower Nose Gear Bushing Safety Wire	
100. Inspect rudder pedal rod ends and witness holes at nose gear area.	
101. Inspect nose wheel gear fork and bolts.	
102. Inspect nose wheel axel, bolt, and side shimming of wheel.	
103. Inspect grease at top and bottom bearings on nose gear strut.	
104. Inspect tire pressure and condition of tire.	
Firewall area	
105. Inspect all rivets THROUGH firewall. Make sure that there are no open holes. Inspect firewall sealer.	
106. Inspect holes through firewall are sealed with fire type sealer. Sealer also needs to be applied around firewall edge.	
107. Confirm bolt torques and inspect engine mount bolts and safety at firewall.	
108. Inspect area around engine mount fittings at firewall. Fittings must be tight at firewall.	
109. Inspect general condition of firewall and installed items to firewall.	
Battery Area 110. Inspect battery strap and bolts. Battery must be tightly secure.	
111. Inspect bottom extrusion holding battery up.	

112. Inspect battery terminals. Check that they are tight and have SL nuts or lock washers.		+
Main gear area	Left	Right
Inspect the main landing gear left and right steel bracket on fuselage.		
 Inspect top and bottom rubber pads. They must be centered on the gear supports and must be squeezed tight. Inspect left and right sides of gear. Note: Torque value on the four bolts, tighten snug. Do not bend bracket / extrusion when tightening. Make sure that the rubber padding, bottom and top, are in place before tightening and that the aircraft is sitting on the gear. Rubber pad on botton and top of gear 		
Above photo is for the narrower Grove gear.		
Make sure that gear is centered on the fuselage.		
5. Make suite that year is centered on the luserage.		
 Inspect gear cut-outs for welded bolts rear-front, L+R. They must be filed smooth. Gear must be tight at bolts, so that gear does not shift. 		
5. Inspect left and right rear bottom extrusions and SL nuts.		
6. Inspect gear axel, bolts, and nuts.		





AUTOMATIC SAFETY WIRE TWISTERS PART NO: TP68SR

- · 9" overall length
- · Automatic (spring return)
- · "Three-in-one" tool: plier, twister & cutter
- . Use on wire .060 or less



When installing safety wire, use the proper tools. This wire twister is available from US Tool.

AIRCRAFT SAFETY WIRE

PART NO: TP65 .032 diameter PART NO: TP66 .041 diameter PART NO: TP67 .020 diameter

1 lb. spool

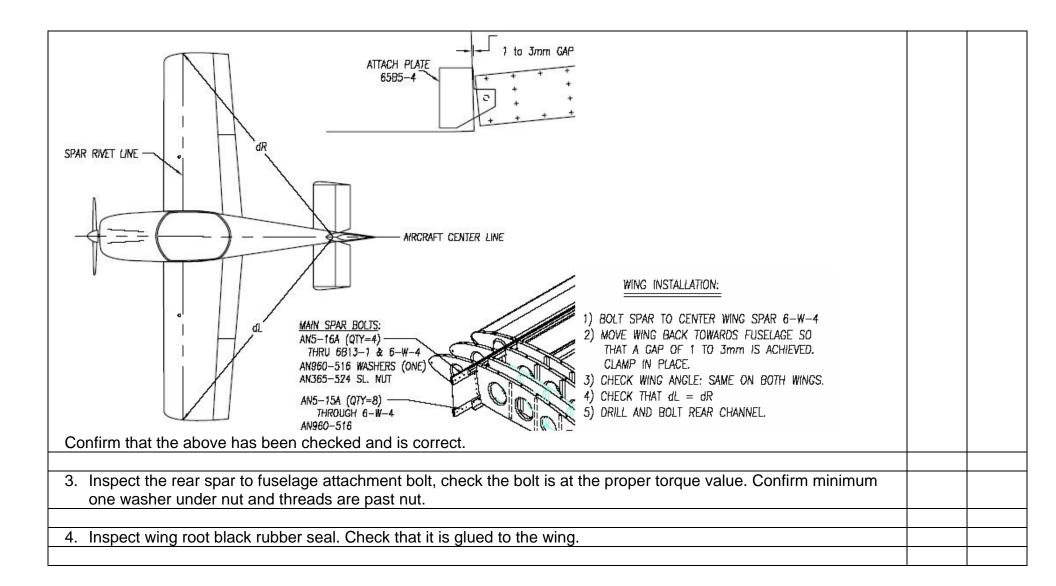
. 302 MS - 20995-C stainless steel wire

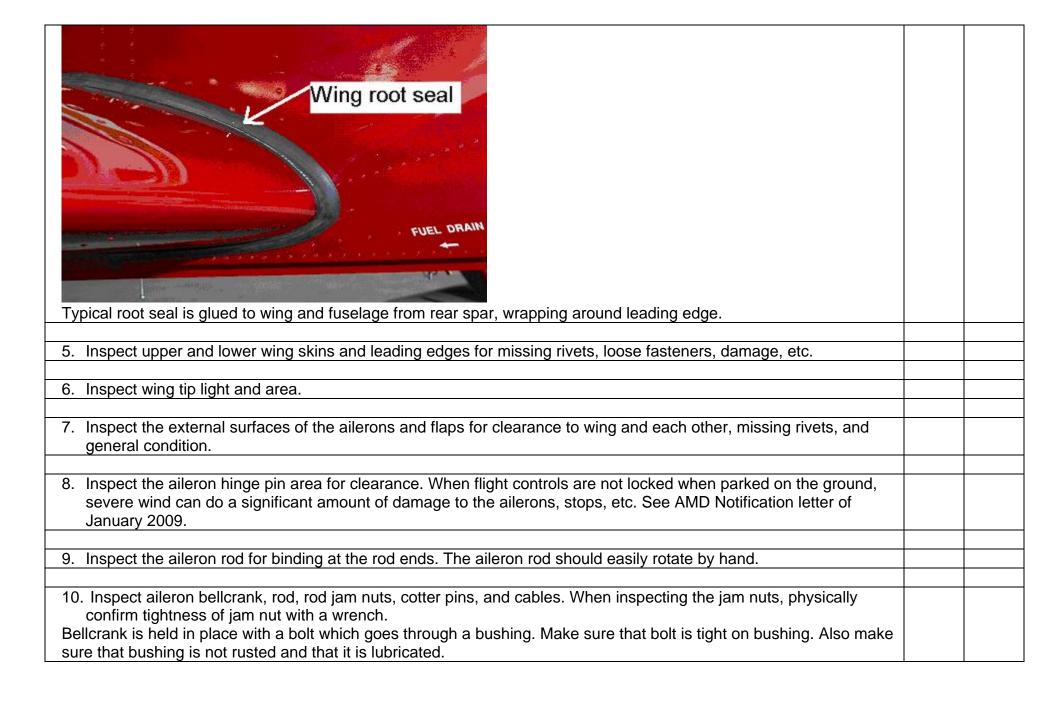
. Conforms to Mil Spec W6713

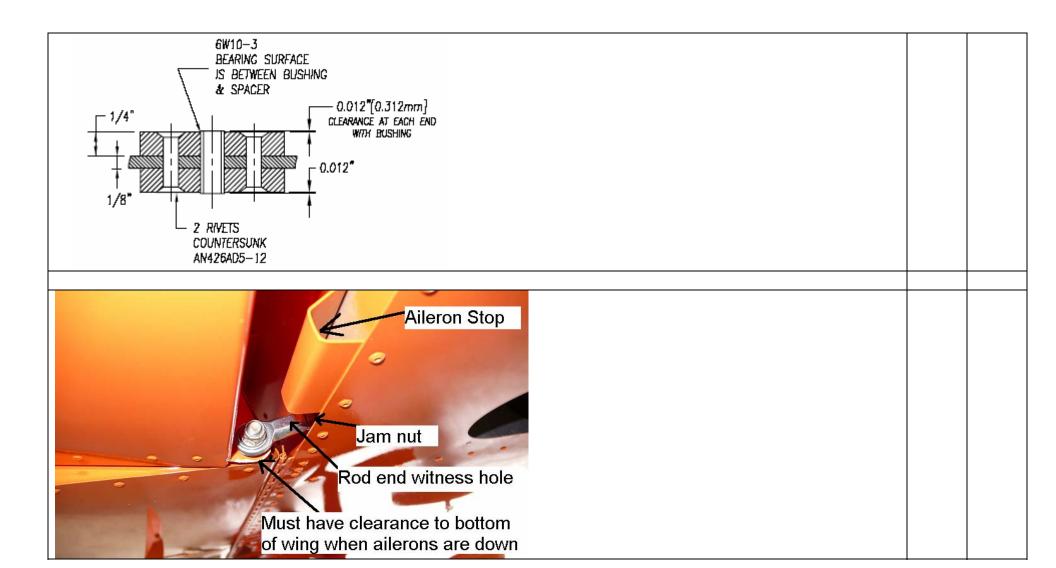


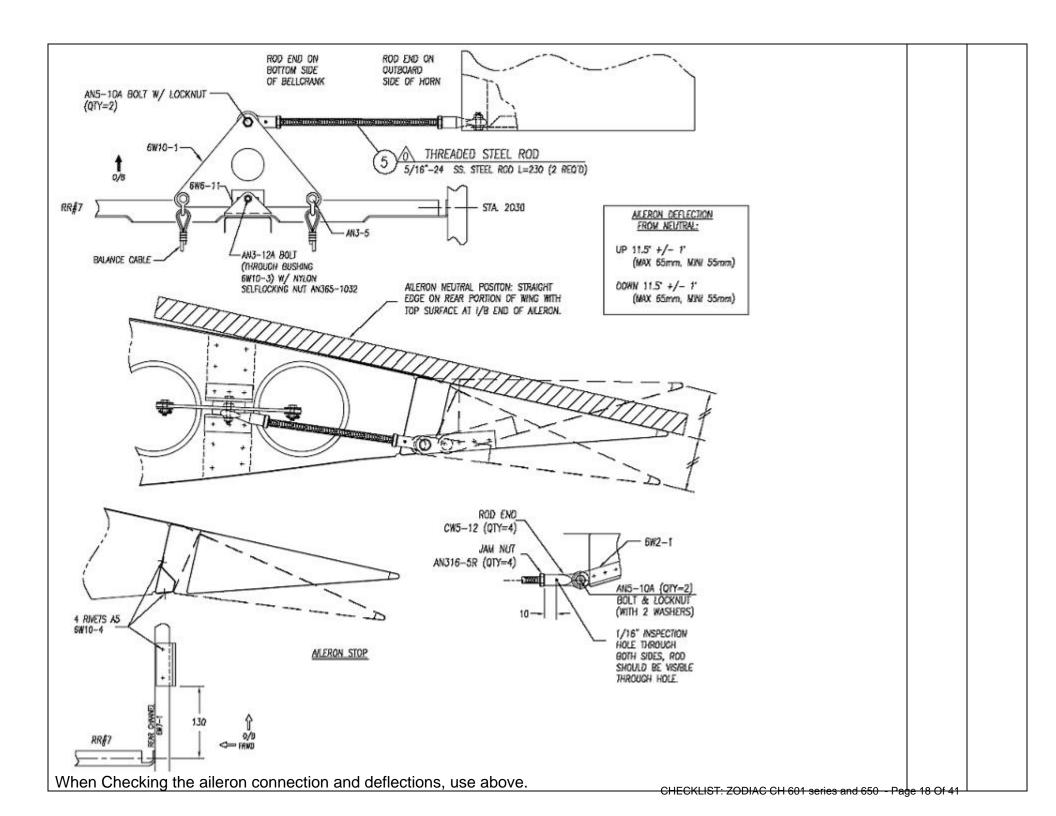
Use aviation grade safety wire and proper diameter. Diameter varies on bolt diameter etc.

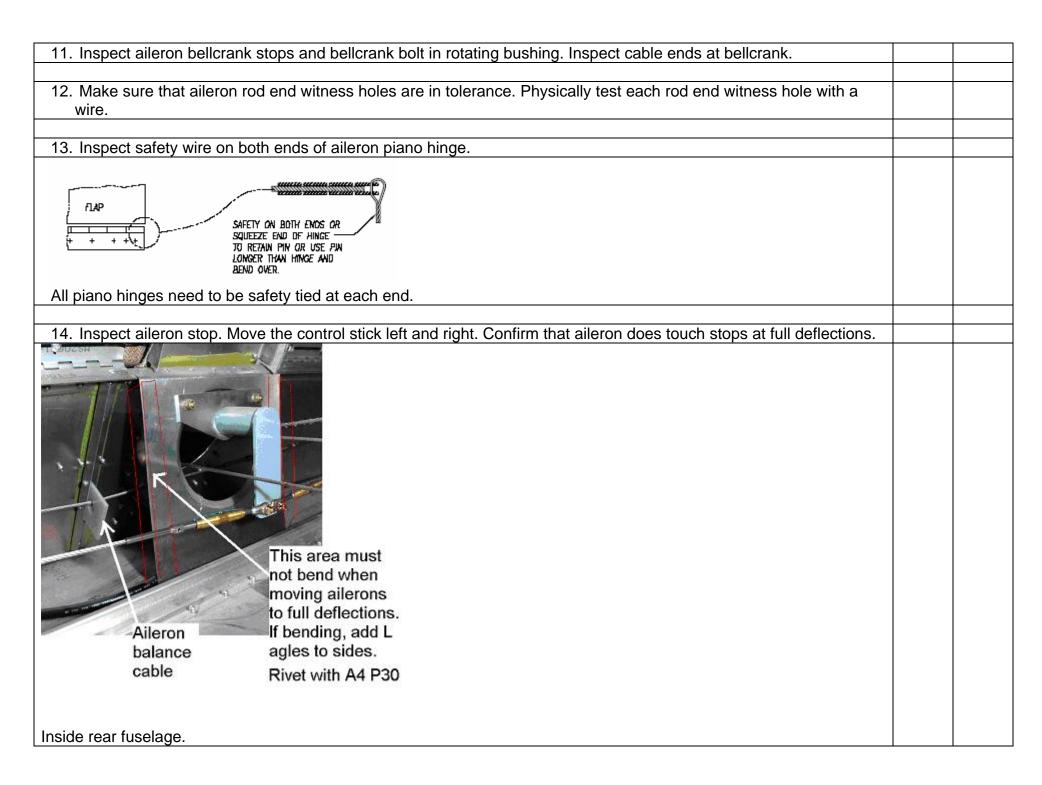
Wing Group	Left	Right
Inspect the main spar to fuselage attachment bolts from cabin seat area and from rear fuselage. Confirm minimum one washer under nut and threads are past nut.		
 With a torque wrench, check all 6 spar main bolts. If there are too many threads past the nut, replace bolt or add washers. Not recommended to add more than 3 washers. 1 under head, 2 under nut. 		

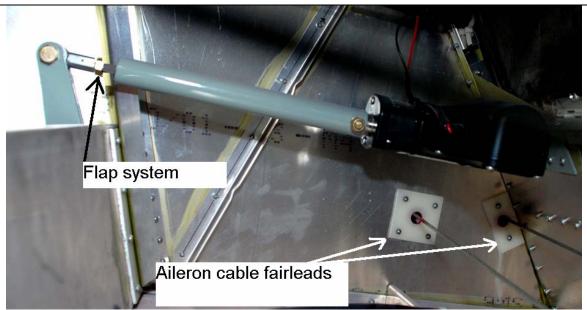






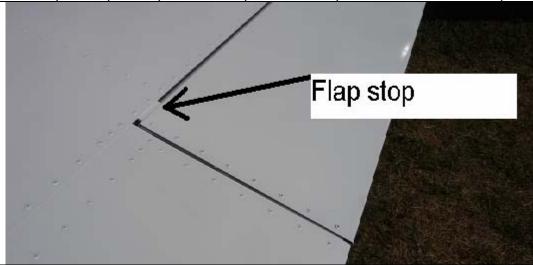






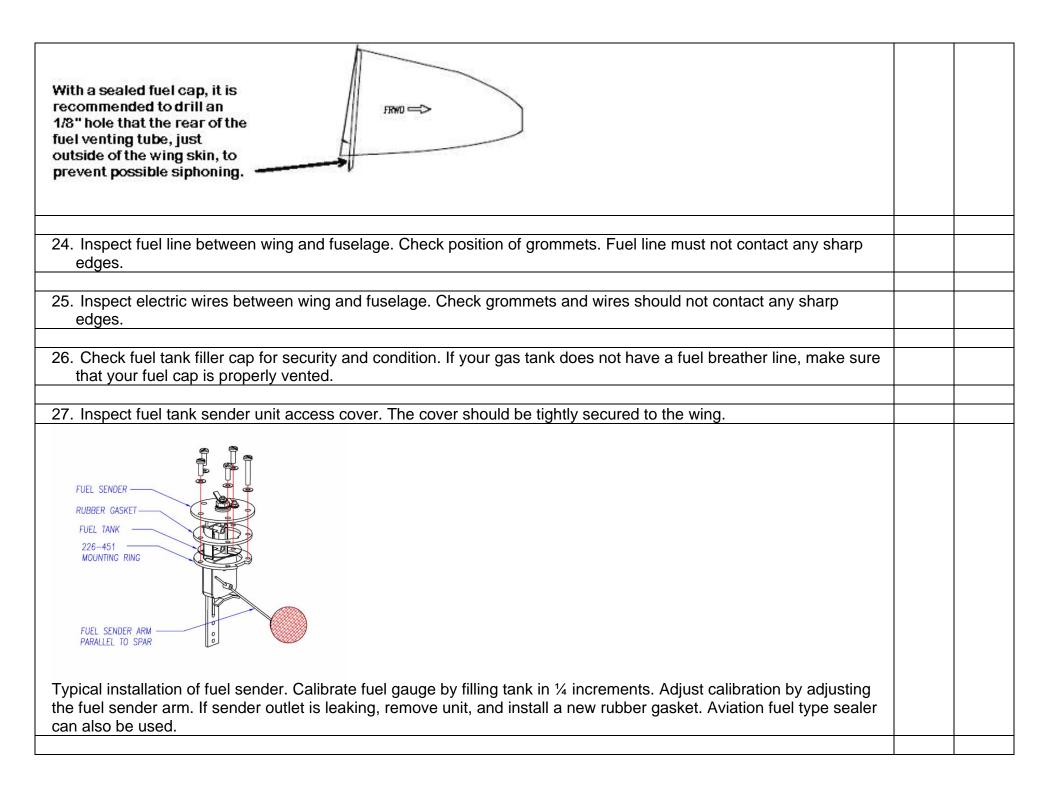
Inside rear fuselage. Check that control cables are only touching fairleads and that the fairleads are not worn by cables. Check left and right sides, including elevator and rudder cable fairleads, and properly lubricate the fairleads.

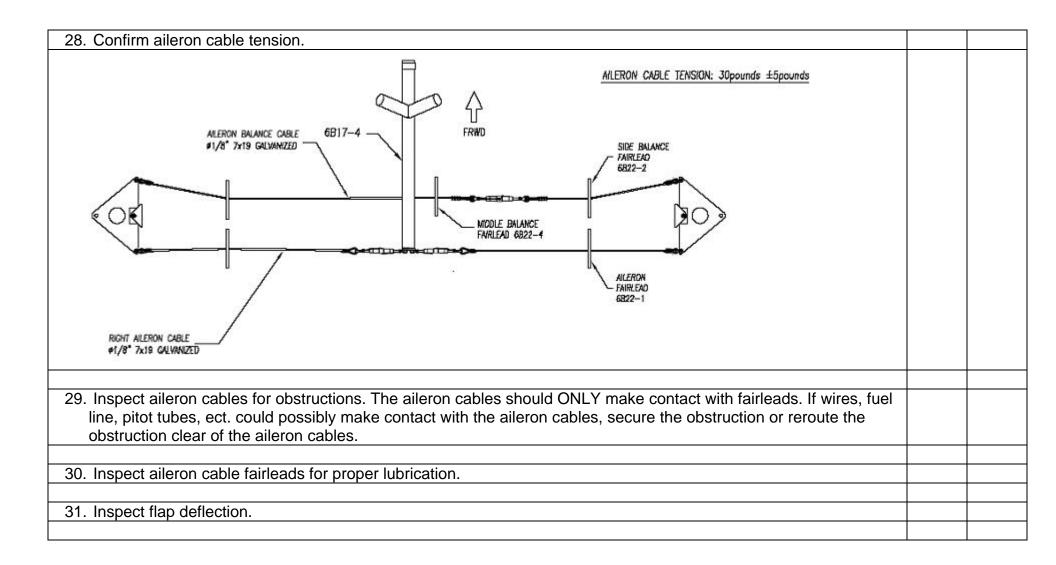
15. Inspect flap "UP" position. Flap must have positive contact with flap stop.

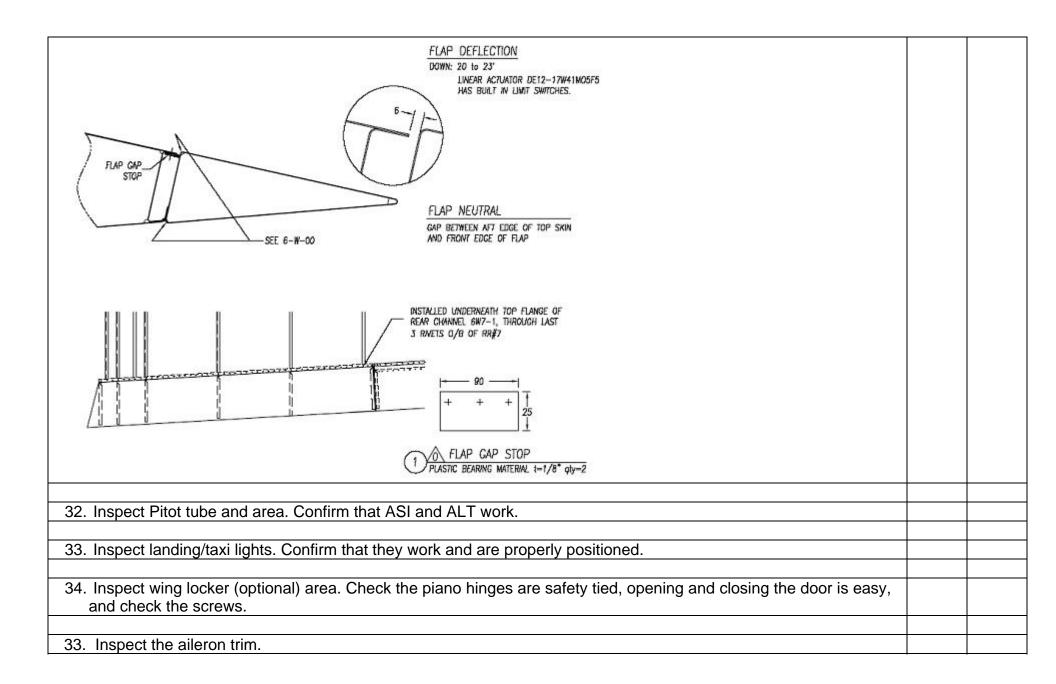


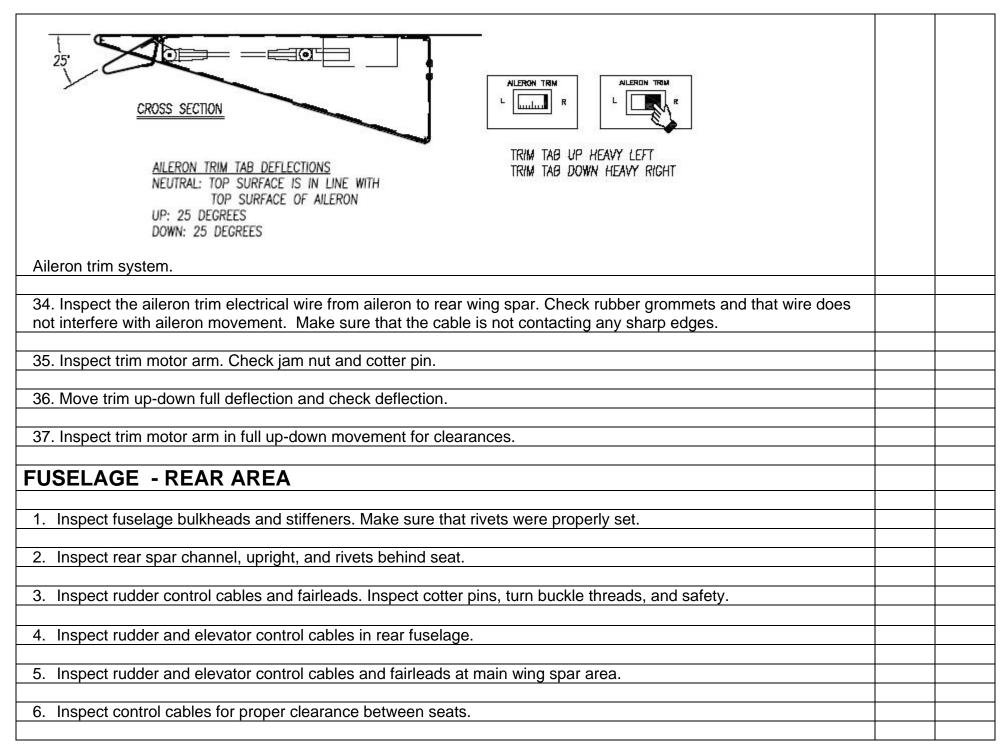
16. LOWER flap and inspect the steel flap pin going into flap and clearance at fuselage. With flaps down, physically move the flap up and down by hand. There must not be play in the flap control system.

17. Left and right flap are connected with a torque tube. Both flaps must be evenly lined up with the top of the wings at the same time.	
18. Inspect the clearance between the flap and fuselage while deflecting the flap UP and Down. Flap and steel torque tube must not contact fuselage side.	
19. Inspect safety wire on both ends of flap piano hinge.	
20. Check lubrication on the aileron and flap hinges, control rod ends, and bellcranks.	
21. Check for fuel leaks and safety on fuel line hose clamp at fuel tank outlet. Confirm proper installation of fuel tank	
finger screen and that hose clamps are safety tied.	
TANKS REST DIN CORK STRIPS DIRECTLY ON LEADING EDGE SKIN FINGER SCREEN NIPPLE COUPLER HOSE CLAMPS FUEL LINE	
Use aviation type fuel sealer when installing – reinstalling fuel fittings.	
22. Drain some fuel from wing fuel tank using sump drain. Check sump drains for leaks and debris.	
23. Inspect gas tank fuel breather. Breather must be cut at 45 Deg. at front of tube.	
20. mopout gas taint ruoi breather. breather must be out at 45 beg. at north of tube.	

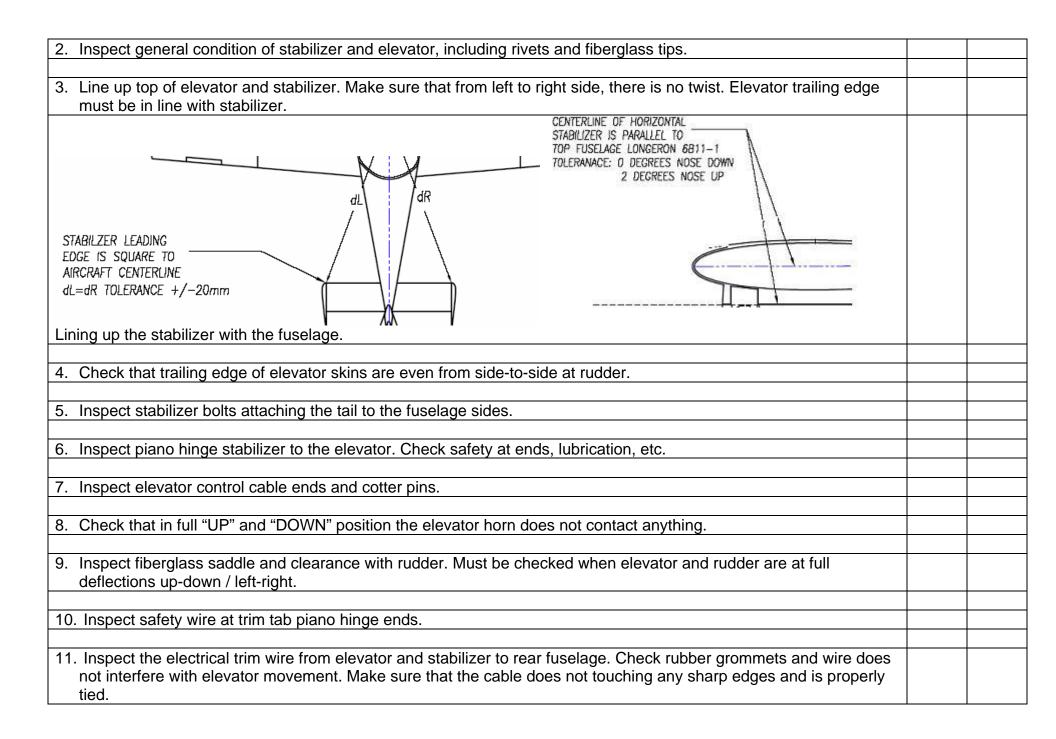


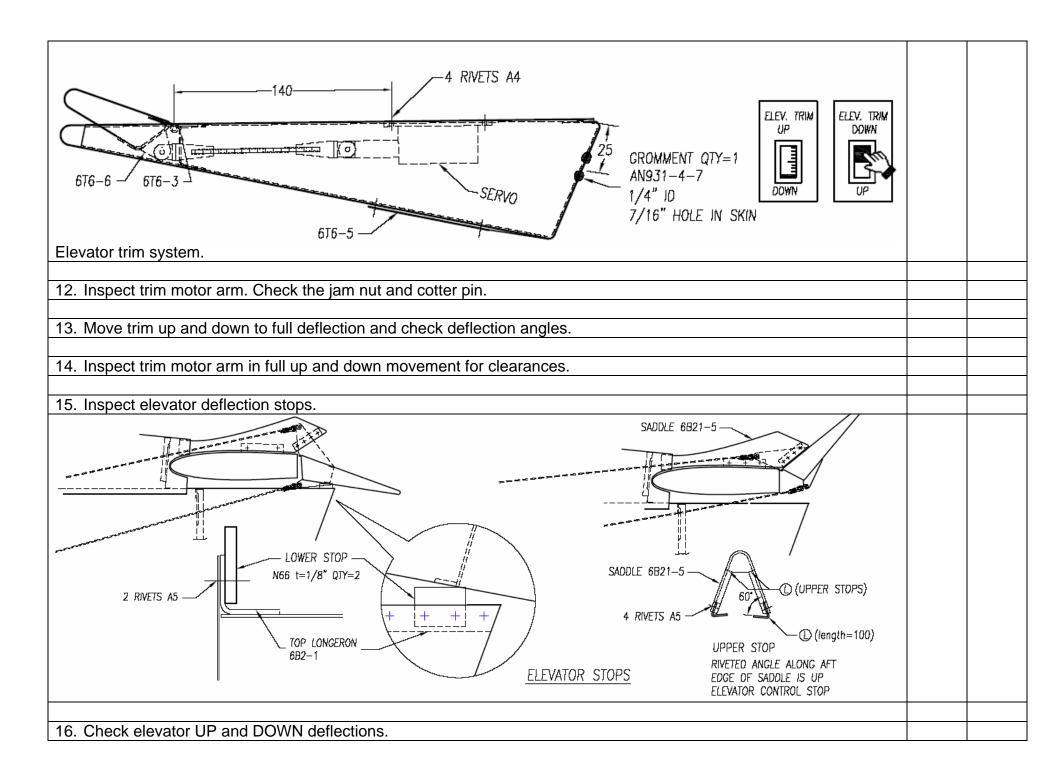


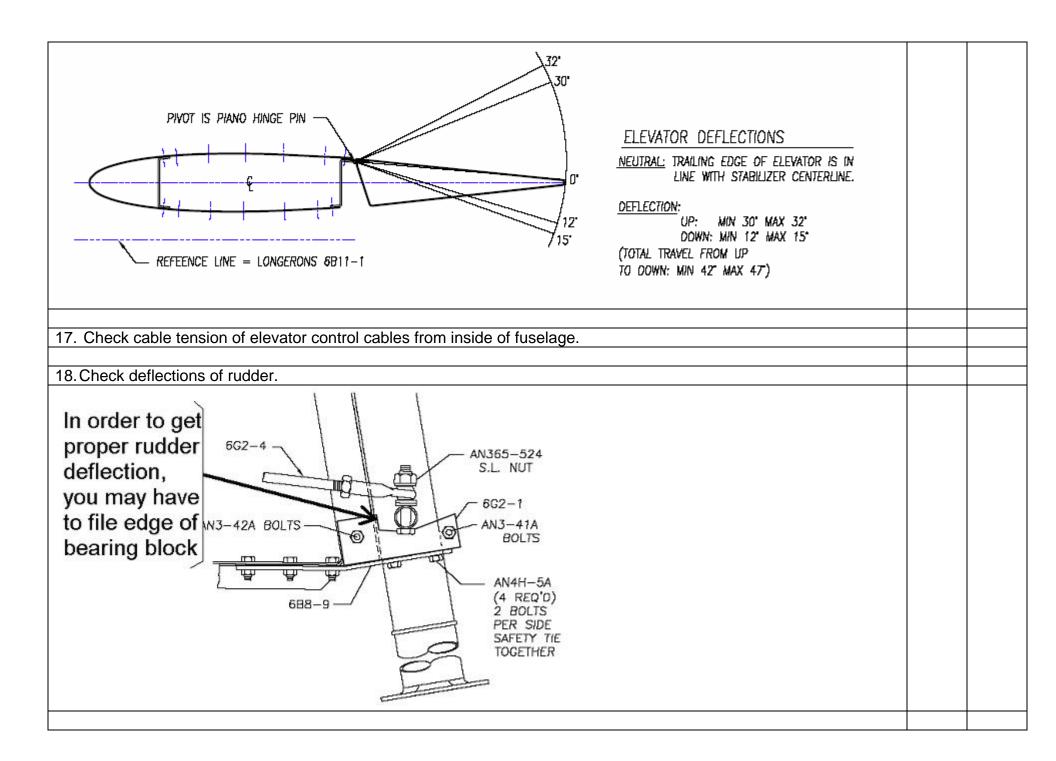


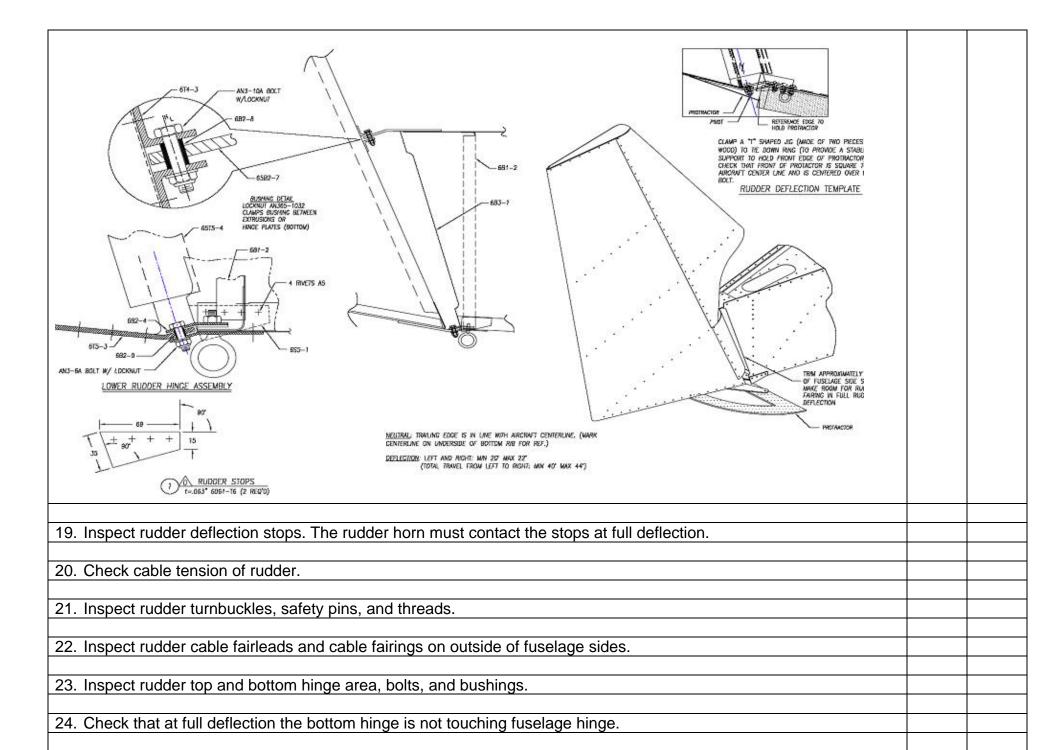


7. Inspect elevator control cable ends between seats. Inspect cotter pins, turn buckle safety, and threads.	
Inspect aileron control cable clearance around rudder and elevator cables behind seat.	
Inspect aileron control turnbuckles for safety pins / wire and for turn buckle thread behind seat.	
9. Inspect alleron control turnbuckies for safety plins / wife and for turn buckle tillead bening seat.	
10. Inspect aileron cable connection at aileron torque tube behind seat. Check cotter pins, turn buckle safety, and threads.	
11. Check flight control torque tube bearings and lubrication.	
40. In an est all activisations from a solition, and estimated DIOLIT aids of from large in the cashing area.	
12. Inspect electrical wiring for condition, security, routing on RIGHT side of fuselage in the cabin area.	
13. Inspect electrical wiring for condition, security, routing on LEFT side of fuselage in the cabin area.	
10. Inspect clocklical willing for container, security, realing on EET 1 slace of faccinge in the cashi area.	
14. Inspect electrical wire at flap motor. Check connection plug and bracket and that plug has silicone.	
15. Inspect flap motor area and welded bracket riveted to seat channel. Check rivets, bolts, and nuts.	
40. M	
16. Move flap "UP" and "DOWN". Check clearance at rear spar.	
17. Inspect flap torque tube at fuselage sides. Check clearances around the flap torque tube.	
17. Inspect hap torque tabe at raselage slacs. Official official area hap torque tabe.	+
18. Inspect flap bolts on torque tubes and flap control arm.	
19. Inspect brake lines, safety, and grommets in floor.	
20. Inspect main wing spar grommets and general area.	
21. Inspect rear seat panel rivets.	
21. Inspect real seat panel rivets.	
22. Inspect left and right seat back hinges.	
TAIL AREA – Stabilizer / Elevator	
1. Check that stabilizer is parallel to top of main wing center spar section. The stabilizer should be perpendicular to the	
aircraft center line and level to the main wing center spar section.	

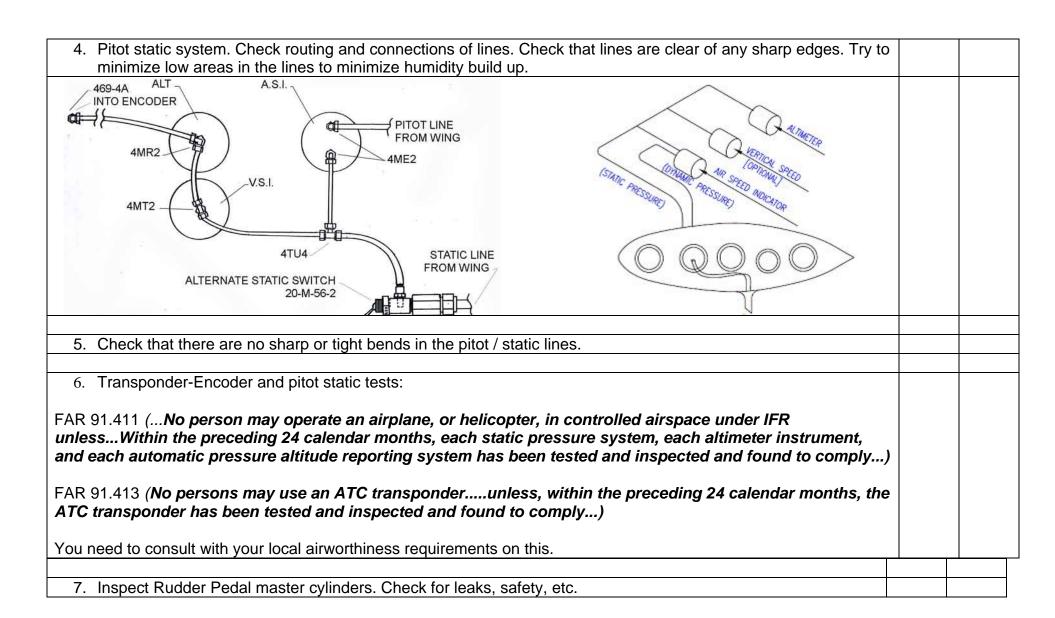


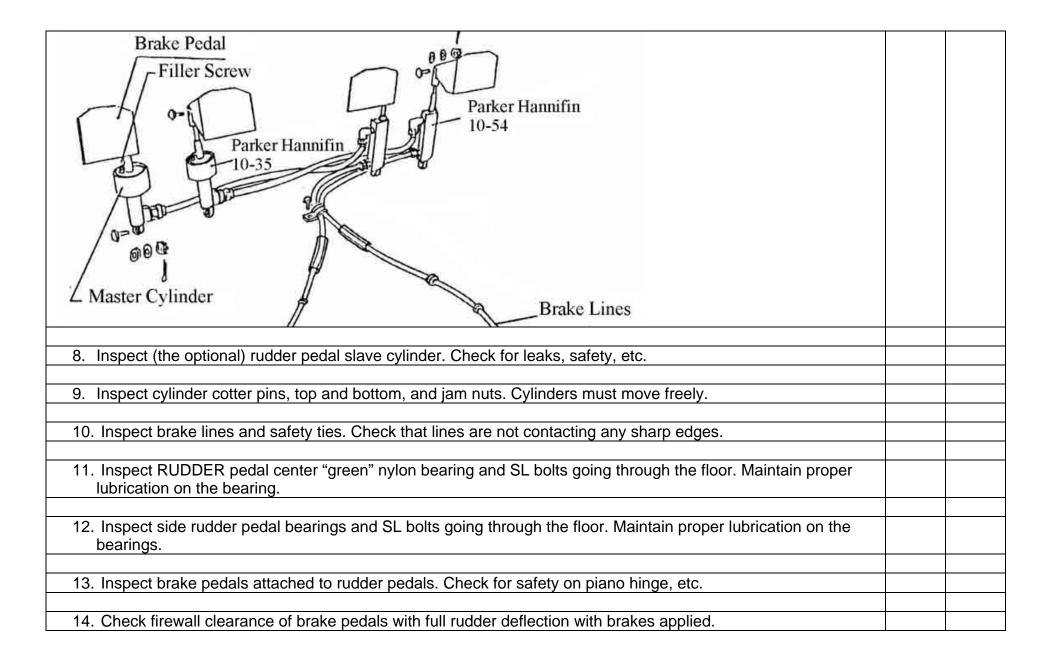


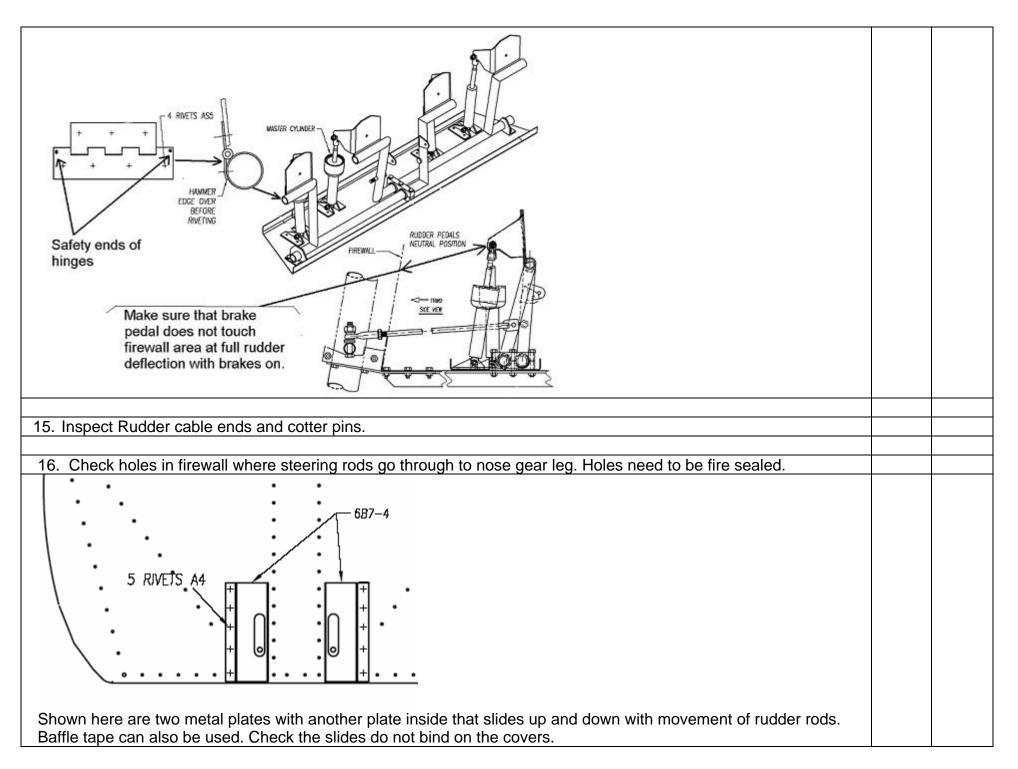




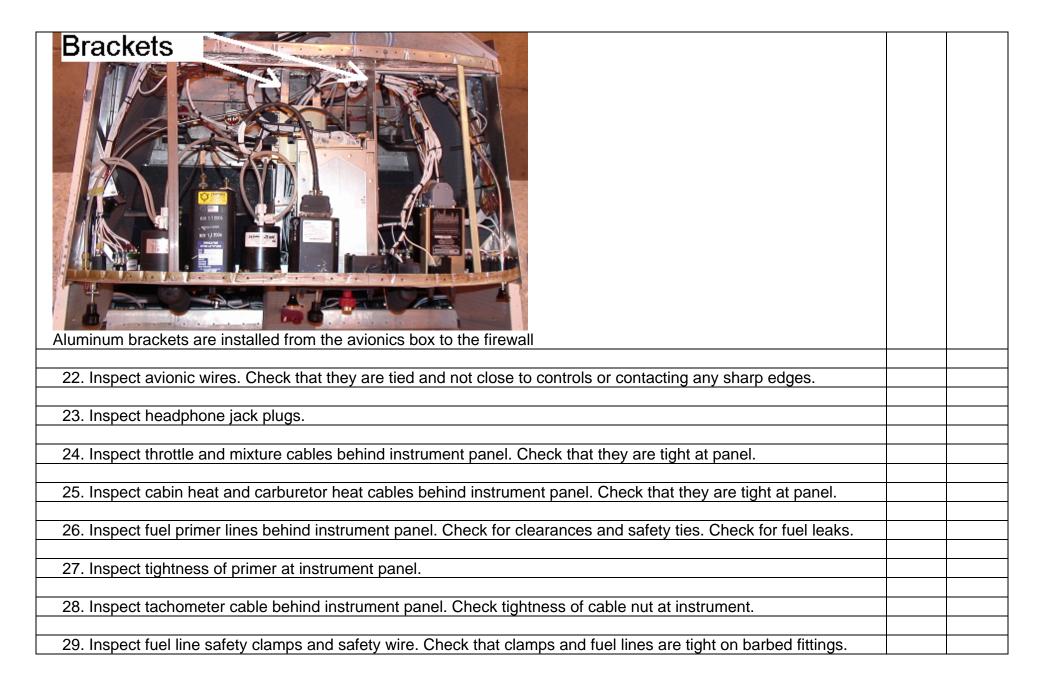
25. Check at full deflection, the rudder front fairing is not contacting anything.	
26. Inspect general condition of the rudder, rivets, etc.	
O7. In an act would not all light fairing a so dition and goality of file and a a fairing	
27. Inspect rudder tail light fairing condition and quality of fiberglass fairing.	
28. Inspect tail tie down area, bolts, and nuts.	
Note: when checking deflections, someone in the pilot seat must move the controls and the inspector must check at the tail for full movement. This applies to the ailerons, rudder, and elevator.	
Cabin Area – Behind Instrument panel and firewall area	
Remove the top skin over the instrument panel or lower your head underneath the panel so that you can get an excellent view of everything.	
Inspect the overall condition of all items and that they are not rubbing on any sharp edges, etc.	
Inspect rear of firewall engine mount fittings. Check for cracks, SL nuts, etc.	
Check that engine mount fittings are snug at firewall. Do not stress fittings by over tightening bolts	
Welded steel fittings must have the same angles as the firewall as to fit properly. If angles are not the same, steel fittings will be stressed.	
Make sure that when cables are routed through the firewall that fire retardant type sealer is used and that no sharp edges are / can damage the cables, fuel line, electrical wires, etc.	

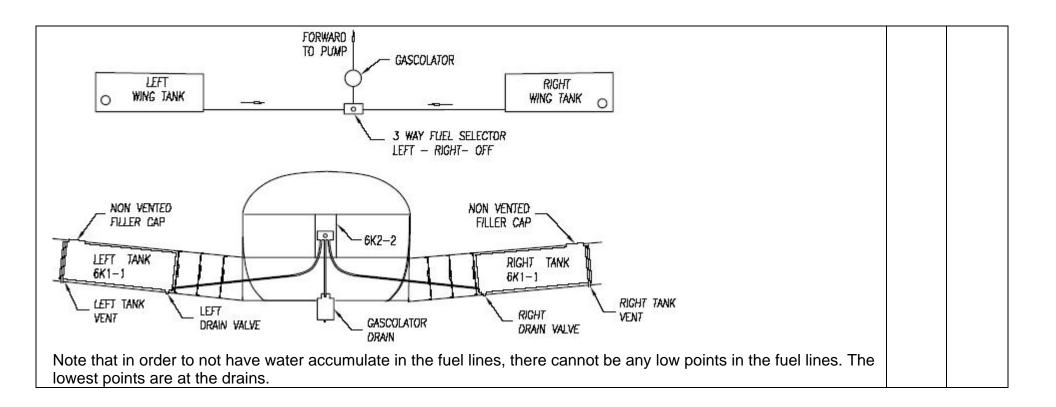


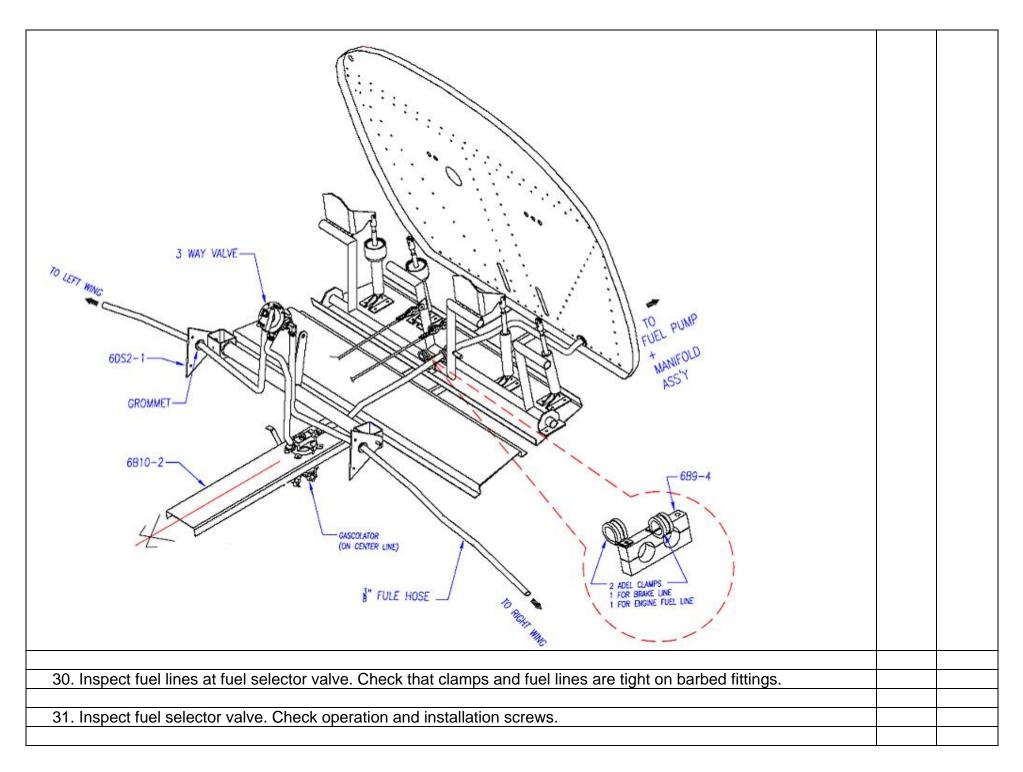




17. Inspect ELECTRICAL system behind instrument panel. Check that all electric wires are not contacting any sharp edges. Check safety ties.	
18. Inspect attachment of encoder.	
Typical installation of instrumentation.	
19. Inspect static line from flight instruments to encoder.	
10. Hispost state into from hight motivationts to oncoder.	
20. Inspect rear of avionics and make sure that they are properly attached to instrument panel.	
21. When installing avionics that extend close to the firewall, it is recommended that aluminum brackets be made and installed from the avionics box to the firewall. This will minimize vibrations and damage to instrument panel.	







32. Inspect fuel line going to gascolator in front of seats.		
32. Inspect rue line going to gascolator in nont or seats.		
33. Inspect gascolator. Check that silicone is used to seal around gascolator and bottom skin.		
34. From outside aircraft, inspect gascolator. Confirm that gascolator bowl can be removed easily for inspection. Check wire safety. Make sure that screen is clean and fitted properly.		
35. Inspect fuel line from gascolator to firewall. Make sure that it does not contact control cables, rudder pedals, or any sharp edges.		
36. Inspect fuel fitting at firewall. Check for fuel leaks.		
37. Inspect antenna installation and cables.		
or, me poor arrivanta metaliation and capiec.		
38. Inspect grommets going through main wing spar.		
39. Inspect LEFT and RIGHT seat back and bottom condition. Check seat bottom Velcro at front spar.		
40. With upholstery side panels REMOVED, inspect wire conduits and ties on fuselage sides, LEFT and RIGHT.		
CANOPY AREA	Left	Right
41. Inspect and operate latches from inside the aircraft. It is important that you can properly close the latches when seated.		
42. Once the canopy is closed, push up and sideways on the canopy to see if it is truly closed. Also do this from outside the aircraft.		
43. Inspect canopy seals.		
16. mepeer carrepy coale.		
44. Inspect general condition of canopy.		
45. Inspect side of canopy at front hinges and bolts.		
40. mapect aide of carropy at front filinges and boils.		
46. Inspect side of canopy installation, flashings, and air vents.		
47. Inspect gas strut area. Check top and bottom fittings and cotter pins.		

48. Inspect seatbelt attachment between seats.	
49. Inspect seatbelt attachment on side at fuselage. Check bolt and nut.	
50. Inspect seatbelt attachment in baggage area. Check bolts and nuts.	
51. Inspect fitting of seatbelt when sitting in seat. Sit in seat and put the seatbelts on and remove.	
52. Inspect cabin lights baggage area. Check for operation.	
53. Inspect ELT and that battery life time placard is installed with expiration date.	
INICTOLIMENT DANIEL ADEA	
INSTRUMENT PANEL AREA	
54. Inspect stick(s) and PPT. Check that stick (s) handle grips do not move.	-
54. Hispect Stick(s) and FFT. Check that stick (s) handle grips do not move.	
55. Inspect stick(s) for free movement sideways and front-rear. Upholstery or arm rest must not limit stick	
movement.	
2 BOLTS PER SIDE AN3-4A	
P/N 3088A417	
STAINLESS STEEL	
AN3-16A W/ LOCKNUT GB17-6 SHIM (QTY=1)	
TUDOUGH 6017 7 1 1/8" 1/0	
19ROUGH 6B17-7	
AN3-15A	
/ W/ LOCKNUT 1	
6817-4 — 6B17-5	
6W4-4	
Check control stick installation.	
56. Inspect elevator control cable connections at stick. Upholstery around the stick may have to be removed in order	
to properly inspect.	

57. Make sure that moving the control stick to all control limits nothing is touching the control cables or stick.	
58. Inspect rudder cables going between the seats as you are inspecting the elevator cables. Cables must not rub on things other than fairleads.	
59. Inspect straightness of stick(s) with the ailerons in the neutral position. Stick must not get too close to instrument panel when stick is in full forward position.	
60. Inspect instrument for straightness. Check that all bolts and nuts are tight.	
61. Inspect and check all instrument panel screw and nuts. Everything must be tight.	
62. Confirm that placards are as per Flight Manual.	
63. Confirm ASI gauge markings comply with aircraft drawings. See Appendix 1 of the AMD Service Manual.	
64. Confirm instrument markings and warning notices such as NO SMOKING, NO SPINS, NO AEROBATICS, etc.	
65. Inspect all electrical breakers and markings. Make sure that breaker sizes are as per electrical drawings and manufacturers recommendations.	
Normal Pre-Flight: In addition to a normal pre-flight inspection go over the "Chris Heintz" letter of July 7 th , 2009. You can view it at http://zenithair.com/zodiac/xl/data/c-heintz-letter-7-2009.pdf	
AMD Safety Alerts, Service Bulletins and notices: http://www.newplane.com/amd/CH2000_Service.html	